

Generation Study 2

Summary of Brain Amyloid Test Result

This fact sheet summarizes your brain amyloid test result. You received this test as part of your participation in Generation Study 2 (CNP520A2202J). If you have any questions about this information, please contact _____.

➤ Your amyloid level was measured by:

PET Scan Lumbar Puncture

Date of Test: _____

➤ Your brain amyloid test result was:

Elevated Not Elevated Not Disclosed

Amyloid Test Summary Points

- This amyloid test was done as part of screening for Generation Study 2 (CNP520A2202J). For participants who have one copy of the APOE4 gene, this is one of the tests used to determine eligibility.
- Having elevated amyloid may increase the risk of developing dementia due to Alzheimer's disease.
 - Elevated amyloid does not mean a person will definitely develop dementia due to Alzheimer's disease.
- Even if a person's amyloid level is not elevated, amyloid may still be present, just not at an elevated level.
 - A person who has a not elevated amyloid level could have an elevated level in the future.
 - A person who has a not elevated level could still develop dementia due to Alzheimer's disease in the future.
- Brain amyloid tests only evaluate the presence of amyloid at the time these tests are done.
- The test result cannot determine whether you will develop dementia due to Alzheimer's disease now or in the future.
- At present, researchers and clinicians do not have enough information to use a person's amyloid test result to estimate their risk of developing dementia due to Alzheimer's disease.
 - This also means we cannot combine amyloid and APOE test results to estimate risk for developing dementia due to Alzheimer's disease.